*Информация, которую рассказывают учащиеся:*

**Aye-aye**

Aye-aye, a mammal of a suborder of semimonkeys; the unique representative of Aye-ayes’ family. The length of a body is 40 sm, the length of a tail is 60 sm, a muzzle is short; the ears are large. The tail is fluffy. The color of wool is dark brown.

**AMAZONIAN DOLPHIN**

Is the largest river dolphin. Reaches 2,5 meters at length and weights of 2 centners.

**Galago or bushbaby**

The charming attractive face and graceful movements, flexibility and ingratiating, brightly reflect its cat's line.

**SUMATRANSKY RHINOCEROS**

It is not artiodactyl animals of rhinoceroses’ family. The given kind of rhinoceroses is smallest of all family.

**TASMANIAN DEVIL**

This animal has a dense constitution and severe customs, it is the reason of its name - a devil.

**Lory**

The muzzle of the lory can be compared to a mask of the clown. It, most likely, explains the name of an animal: Loeris in transfer means "clown".

**False gavial**

Certainly, one of representatives of group of crocodiles. With the years the muzzle of false gavial becomes more and more long.

**Sifaka**

In is rather new sort of primacies, it is opened only in 2004. Now is hardly more than 600 individuals; silky sifakas are under the threat of disappearance.

**Sloth**

It lives mainly in Central and the South America. The sloth spends almost all its life head over heels.

**Grazing drakula**

It is a grazing bat («Sphaeronycteris toxophyllum» from lat.)

**Star-nosed mole**

Insectivorous mammal of mole’s family. Its food is earthworms. It eats with the help of feelers on a snout.

**THE NAKED NAVVY**

Small digging rodent of navvy’s family. This animal doesn’t feel pain, acids and cold.